3P Technik

Fixed Speed Pump Sets

Installation and Operation Manual

Table of Contents

Product Description

3P Fixed Speed Pump Sets deliver water under pressure using a pair of water cooled pumps operating in rotation/alternation, with automatic failover (duty standby) and parallel operation (duty assist) during periods of high demand.

This Pump Set uses multi point pressure control to enable pumps to operate within the range of optimal efficiency on their pressure/flow curve, providing a large reduction in energy consumption compared with a standard automatic pump set or basic pressure controller. Depending on installation characteristics 3P Pump Sets are often comparable to variable speed solutions in efficiency, with increased lifespan and reduced maintenance costs.

The pumps used in this set are water cooled, and exhibit very low noise and vibration. They are also isolated by anti-vibration mounts, self cooling, submersible and of course repairable. We believe this to be one of the quietest non-enclosed pump sets available.

Union joints and shut-off valves are provided to allow the removal of a single pump. Electrical connections are socketed at the Control Panel circuit board to allow rapid disconnection.

Control panel design allows for rapid replacement, software upgrades on site, and high durability against electrical damage. All parts are replaceable, long lasting, available, and repairable wherever possible. Pumps and Control Panels can be serviced and reconditioned by us to component level here in the UK.

During operation, faults that may occur are logged in memory and the system will continue operation wherever possible, stopping only to protect pumps from damage, or to protect pipework and connected systems from an over-pressure condition.

Installation

Safety

Mains Voltage – There are exposed electrical conductors inside this appliance. This appliance must be installed and serviced by a competent electricical technician to the current requirements of BS7671 and IEEE recommendations. Before servicing this appliance, normal safe isolation procedures should be implemented.

Do not touch the PCB while energised, it carries mains voltage.
Do not touch any connection terminals while energised.

Do not attempt to service electrical objects when wet, or in a wet or high humidity environment.

If the housing of the Control Panel, or any cabling becomes damaged, you must shut down and securely isolate this appliance immediately.

You must connect this appliance to a grounded 3 wire supply, protected by suitable overload protection. Connected pumps and solenoids are earthed via the Control Panel, and may otherwise become live.

If the power cables are damaged, either to or from the controller, isolator, or pumps then shut down and isolate this appliance.

The combined loading of pumps must not exceed 20A using the supplied mains flex. Contact the manufacturer for advice if you need to exceed this rating.

Do not attempt to repair any part of the circuit board. Refer to the Manufacturer for advice.

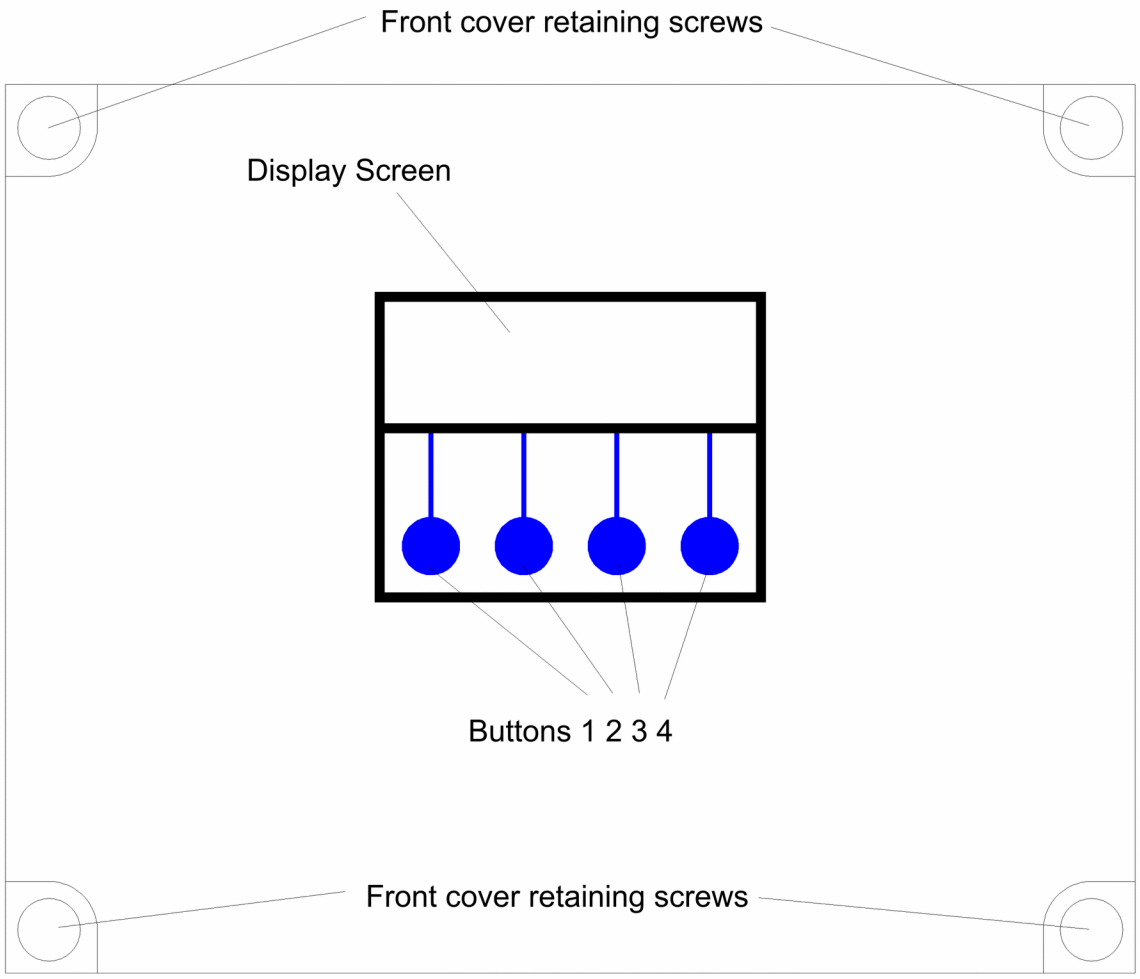
Installation Constraints

The Control Panel cannot be mounted outside, it is splash proof not weather resistant. It can be made fully weatherproof or submersible, please contact us for details if you require this.
The Control Panel Mounting Post incorporates a lifting point. This point should be used if the unit is to be lifted mechanically. To lift the unit by hand you may use the suction and discharge manifold pipes. We recommend you drain as much water as you can from the unit after use before lifting.
Voltage drop will affect the cable size needed to take power to your pump set. It is strongly recommended that you calculate voltage drop for cable runs in excess of 20m. Failure to do so may result in cable overheating, conductor migration, brownouts, and risk of fire.
Pressure transmitter cable must be of a special type incorporating a vent tube to equalise the pressure within the transmitter to atmospheric pressure (3P part no. IRVENT). Conductivity probe cable is 2 core 0.5mm^2 unshielded. It is recommended to use shielded vented cable to extend the probe beyond 20m.

Note – it is recommended that you earth the shielding on cables (where present) to an earth terminal within the controller if such cables are to be run near power cabling. Do not earth to DC 0v as the DC power supply is isolated and will not function as a ground.

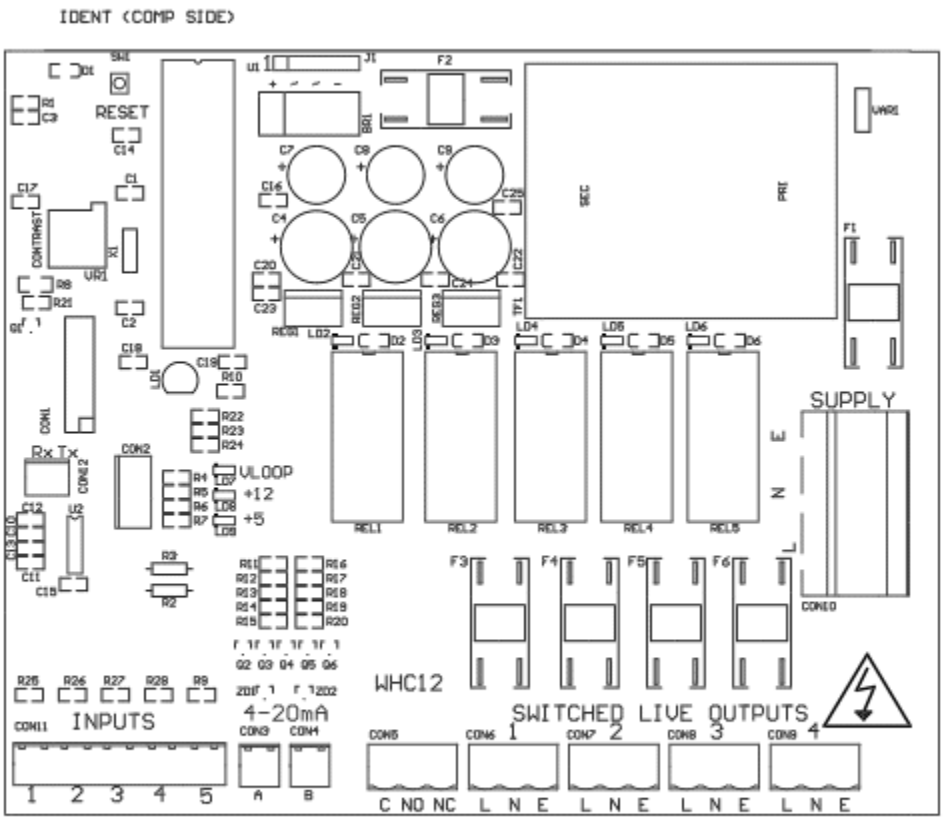
Fixings

Pumps are fastened to the base plate using rubber anti-vibration nuts. These nuts are a one sided fastening method, meaning you do not need to reach under the base plate to remove a pump, you just undo the bolt from the top. The same method or removal applies to the Control Panel and isolator switch mountings as these are installed in captive nuts. The Control Panel mounting post is attached using a conventional high tensile nut and bolt. The base plate can be bolted to the floor using the 4 holes provided in the corners.
Pipe connections to and from the unit are provided at 2" BSP male thread.
In order to benefit from the noise reduction features of this pump set, you may wish to incorporate flexible or shock absorbing couplings in suction and discharge pipework near the unit itself.
The Control Panel itself is mounted on a bracket which can be adjusted for viewing angle using a suitable torx wrench.



Mains Power Connection

The power supply to the Control Panel enters via a cable gland on the bottom right of the housing. A 20A supply cable is provided with the panel. If you need to change this, insert the cable, connect to the incoming power terminal on the right of the PCB, and tighten the cable gland.



Pump Power Connections

Pumps are powered from the rightmost green terminals on the lower right of the PCB, Switched Live Outputs 3 and 4, supplying Pump 1 and Pump 2 respectively. The terminal blocks are socketed and can be withdrawn from the PCB for rapid maintenance.
Note – If cables need to be routed into the controller other than with the cables glands fitted, ensure they enter the bottom of the casing and do not cross over the circuit board. If necessary use trunking to route cables appropriately.

Supply Tank Level Sensor and connection

Connect the tank level sensor as follows, depending upon the product version you have.
Pressure Transmitter (PF320) - Connect to the socket on the underside of the Control Panel.
The pressure transmitter should be lowered onto the bottom of the water tank and *not suspended.*
Conductivity Probe – (PF120) – Connect to the socket on the underside of the Control Panel. Suspend the probe within the tank at a level slightly above the minimum water depth required, usually above the level of the tank outlet supplying the Pump Set, and hence at a level which will prevent air ingress to the pumps and consequent dry-running.
Float Switch – (PF220) – Connect the 2 wires than form a closed contact when the float switch is in the up position to pins 1 and 2 on the 10pin input block in the lower left corner, such that the float

operates as a closed switch when the water level is sufficient. Adjust the float switch to a level which will prevent air ingress to the pumps and consequent dry-running.
As the conductivity probe / float switch cannot determine the actual water level only the switch point, this must be attached within the tank to hang at the intended switching point. You should ensure this is at least several inches above the top of the pumps (if the pumps are submerged) to prevent pump damage during cold weather.

BMS connection

The BMS connection provides a non-voltage relay capable of switching any 230V source up to 10A. Three contacts are provided, Common, NO and NC. Connect your live conductor from the BMS system to Common, and output will be switched to NC in the absence of an alarm condition, switching to NO upon an alarm.

Operation

Safety Considerations

Mains Voltage – There are exposed electrical conductors inside this appliance. This appliance must be installed and serviced by a competent electricical technician to the current requirements of BS7671 and IEEE recommendations. Before servicing this appliance, normal safe isolation procedures should be implemented.
Do not touch the PCB while energised, it carries mains voltage.
Do not touch any connection terminals while energised.
Do not attempt to service this item when wet, or in a wet or high humidity environment.
If the housing of the Control Panel becomes damaged, you must shut down and securely isolate this appliance immediately.
You must connect this appliance to a grounded 3 wire supply, protected by suitable overload protection. Connected pumps and solenoids are earthed via the Control Panel, and may otherwise become live.
If the power cables are damaged, either to or from the controller then shut down and isolate this appliance.
The combined loading of pumps and solenoids connected to this appliance must not exceed 20A using the supplied mains flex. Contact the manufacturer for advice if you need to exceed this rating.
Do not attempt to repair any part of the circuit board. Refer to the manufacturer for advice.

Description of Operation

The 3P PF series is an advanced booster pump / well pump controller, designed to manage either a single pump or a pair operating in a duty standby / duty assist arrangement. Water pressure in the discharge line is rapidly monitored, and pump(s) activated accordingly to maintain pressure between high and low pressures which can be selected by the operator. In this manner the pressure of the pump set can be adjusted at any time to suit either the optimal efficiency of the pumps, or suit the ideal pressure and flow requirements of the installation. In addition a high pressure alarm will shut down the system in the event of an overpressure condition, such as inadvertently connecting in series with another pump or if a high pressure shock wave is detected, and a low pressure alarm indicates a failure or dry running, and will shut it down within 10 seconds and revert to the remaining pump if connected. Both alarm set points can also be adjusted.

Water in the break tank or well is monitored by an accurate pressure sensor. Water level is displayed, and a minimum shut-off level can be adjusted to prevent dry running of the pumps.

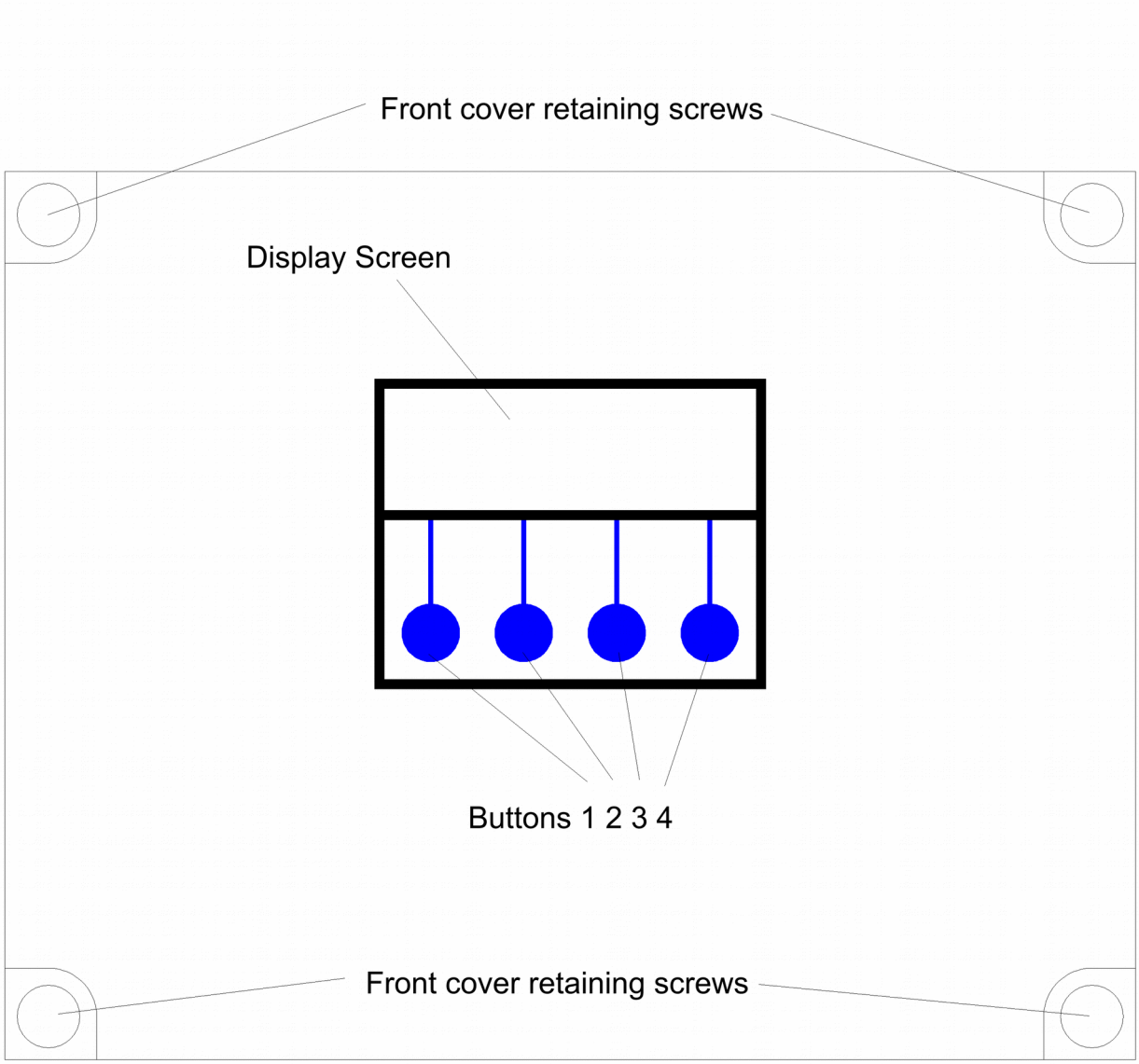
There is no need for float switches and no need to enter the break tank to make adjustments to sensor levels, no need for pressure control valves or throttling. All adjustments can be set on the Control Panel.

Faults which may occur are logged in memory and the system will either continue wherever possible, stopping only for critical errors such as a failure of both pumps or a system over-pressure. A BMS output allows integration with other fault management systems, or connection to alarm sirens or strobes.

All connection terminals except the mains supply cable are socketed for quick removal and servicing. The main processor/memory is DIL socketed for easy software upgrades, and the PCB can be removed rapidly for exchange.

Durability is enhanced with an IP65 enclosure (can be sealed to IP68), dirt/water resistant membrane keypad, individually fused outputs, hinged lid, overvoltage protection, oversized supply power terminals and transformer/smoothing, and brown-out tolerant software. In the event of a power surge, fuses are ceramic with high (1250A) rupture current and MOV protection/track layout is designed to increase repair probability. PCB repairs are available and most component parts are stocked by 3P Technik UK.

Control Panel Operations



Startup Screen Menus and Functions

Upon first applying power, the LCD panel will display a startup logo followed by automatic calibration of the tank level sensor for approximately 3 seconds, and then immediately commence operation. The main screen displays the following screen (values shown will be different)

PF320
Level 94%
Pressure 2.5 bar
Pumps off
Menu Stop

```
Supply OK
Pressure 2.5 bar
Pumps off
Menu            Stop
```

Showing,
Supply Tank Level Display in % or Supply Tank Status
Delivery Line Pressure (in bar)
Pump Status (on/off) per pump
Menu Options

Note that the function of the 4 buttons are not fixed, but relate to the menu option shown above.

Tank Level Display (PF320)

The current supply tank level will be shown in %, and is measured by a submerged pressure sensor at the bottom of the tank. The scale is adjusted automatically as the Control Panel learns the maximum and minimum water levels within the tank, with 0% being the minimum level allowed (pump cut-off level) and 100% being the highest water level detected. Initially therefore, the display may be inaccurate until the tank is full for the first time.

Accessing the Menu Options

The last line of the display always shows up to four menu options, which can be selected by pressing one of the four corresponding buttons beneath the display. The menu options displayed will change as you enter different areas of the software.

Menu Options, Button 1 - Configuration and Diagnostics

```
Main Menu

Tank
menu          Diags  Run
```

All other options relating to configuration and diagnostics, can be found via Button 1 from within the status screen. Whilst in this area all operation is halted while parameters are being set by the operator. To exit press “run”.

Tank Menu

```
Supply Tank Menu
```

```
Reset Set
 Lvl  min Pump
  %   lvl ctrl  Exit
```

All options under this menu are related to operations within the water tank. Some options will not be shown for the PF120/220

Reset water level calibration in % (Reset Lvl %) - PF320

Selecting this option will cause the Control Panel to disregard previously learned water depths within the water tank. The system will then re-learn the maximum water level over time. When selected the following message confirms calibration has been reset.

```
Resetting tank
level sensor...
```

Minimum water Level Control (Min Lvl) - PF320

This setting allows you to change the level at which the water tank is considered empty, at which pumping will cease to prevent dry-running and preserve enough water to protect submerged pumps against frost. The default level is 60cm.

NOTE – it is essential that you allow sufficient depth of water above the pump to protect the pump from frost during the winter if the tank is situated externally, we would suggest a minimum of 20cm above the top of the pump.

```
Supply tank minimum
level adjustment
Minimum - 60cm
  +    -      Exit
```

Pump Control (Pump Ctrl)

This is a submenu containing functions related to pump selection and pressure. Providing 2 sub-menus as shown.

```
Pump Control Menu

   Pressure
Pumps          Exit
```

Pump Selection (Pumps)

Here you can select which pump you would like to use. The default setting is Pump 1. If your system has 1 pump only then you should leave it on this setting.

```
Pump Selection
Twin pump operation
  +     -      Exit
```

If you have a second pump fitted. You can choose to either leave it as a redundant spare, or to run in twin pump mode (duty assist with pump alternation). There are 2 options for twin pump mode, in `Twin pump operation` both pumps will function as duty standby / duty assist, with alternation per startup, and anti-blocking cycle / pump test performed at intervals. `Twin pump operation, no autotest/ABS` will function in the same mode but without periodic pump tests / anti-blocking cycle, providing a very small decrease in energy consumption but decreased fault detection. As the saving in energy consumption is extremely minimal, this mode is not recommended.

In the event that a pump fails to produce sufficient pressure, a warning will be activated, and the pump abandoned. The system will now run in single pump mode using the remaining pump. The BMS will activate during pump failure, and will discontinue once a working pump has been found. In the event that a second pump is also faulty, or is not fitted, the system will cycle between pumps in attempt to restart an available pump which may have an intermittent fault, if no success the system will cease operation and report a critical fault. At this point the BMS alarm is continuously active, alerting the operator to this condition.

Pump Pressure Adjustment

The default setting is Pump1 cuts in at 1.5 bar and Pump2 cuts in at 2 bar, both pumps cut out at 3bar (also adjustable). During pump pressure adjustment the following screen is displayed.

```
Pump 1 - Pressure
 Min  Max
 1.5  3.0  bar
   -     +  Min Exit
```

Buttons 1 and 2 lower or raise the pressure, while button 3 cycles between setting Min or Max (cut-in and cut-out pressures). The pressure you select will of course depend on the height difference between the pressure sensor and point of use, and the required delivery point pressure. The pressure at the point of use will decrease by 1 bar per 10m of lift, and so this should be taken into account when setting the pump pressure.

It is advisable to set both pumps to cut in at different pressures. Although the Control Panel will allow the same pressure to be set on both pumps, this would result in unnecessary use of both pumps, and

unnecessary inrush current which may affect nearby devices on the same supply circuit by momentarily reducing available voltage.

To attain maximum efficiency, you should select a pump set which can deliver the maximum required pressure within the efficient zone of it's performance curve (before the curve levels off). As centrifugal pumps are less efficient at their maximum rated pressure, and as we have full control of the cut-out pressure, it makes sense to select a pump on the premise that you will be using it with it's most efficient performance characteristics.

The pressure vessel(s) on the system should be charged to or just below the lowest cut-in pressure (min) of the pumps, i.e. the lowest minimum pressure you have set. Do this with the discharge line de-pressurised (turn off the system, open a tap).

Diagnostics Menu

Once selected via Button 3, there are three buttons or menu options available under the "Diagnostics" menu.

```
----Diagnostics-----

Inputs    Faults
    Outputs     Exit
```

Input Monitor

Selecting this option shows the status of all sensor inputs to the controller. The following information is displayed.

```
Probes        11111     --(this function is unused on PF320)
Lvl Probe     180cm
Line Pres 3.1 bar
Exit
```

Line 1, Switched inputs 1 to 5 (used on rainwater harvesting/tank control models only)
Line 2, Tank level sensor shown in %
Line 3, Delivery line pressure

Note - The tank level here is shown in cm not %. The level shown here is not subject to calibration and displays the actual tank level rather than a proportional reading.

Output Testing

This option allows you to fire the 230v outputs of the controller.

```
Output Testing
00
Push Buttons...
Exit     Pump1 Pump2
```

Button 1 – Exit
Button 2 – Unused
Button 3 – Pump1
Button2 – Pump2

Note – While testing the pumps, the overpressure alarm setting, pump failure pressure and other alarm functions are over-ridden. If system pressure is increased beyond the overpressure alarm setting a fault may be logged when operation is resumed. If this occurs, release system pressure and switch the controller off and back on to resume normal operation.

Read Stored Fault Codes

This RainForce Controller is equipped with Advanced Fault Tracking, and unlike other controllers will remember the last 10 faults that have occurred (even after power outage). This gives the Operator much greater insight into any fault, should one occur, as the fault history can be examined, and an informed judgement made.

```
Fault Code 1 - 255
```

```
Next Prev Clear Exit
```

Buttons 1 and 2 cycle forward or backwards through the 10 memory locations which store the fault codes

Fault Code List

1. Tank Probe Fault (PF120 only)
2. Pump 1 Insufficient
3. Unused
4. Unused
5. Unused
6. Tank Level Sensor Fault
7. Discharge Line Pressure Sensor Fault
8. Pump 2 Insufficient
9. Unused
10. Unused
11. Pump 1 Disabled – Changed to Pump 2
12. Pump 2 Disabled – Changed to Pump 1
13. Both Pumps Faulty or Insufficient

255. No Fault

The menu options now available are

Clear Stored Fault Codes

Selecting this option clears all stored fault codes from the controllers memory, and is confirmed by the following message.

```
Faults cleared…
```

Run

Resume operation. Select this to return to the main operational display when configuration/diagnostic is finished.

Menu Options, Button 4 – Stop

Pressing this button from the main screen immediately stops all operations and activates the BMS output. It is similar to an emergency stop button, only software based and is designed to be supplemental to the isolator switch. The following screen will be shown.

```
Manual Stop

      Wipe
Menu Config  Restart
```

From here you can either return to the main menu using Button 1, Wipe all confiiguration settings and restore the software to factory default settings using Button 2, or restart and resume operation using Button 4.

Note that button 2 – Wipe Config will delete the current tank level calibration and pressure ranges set for both pumps.

Troubleshooting

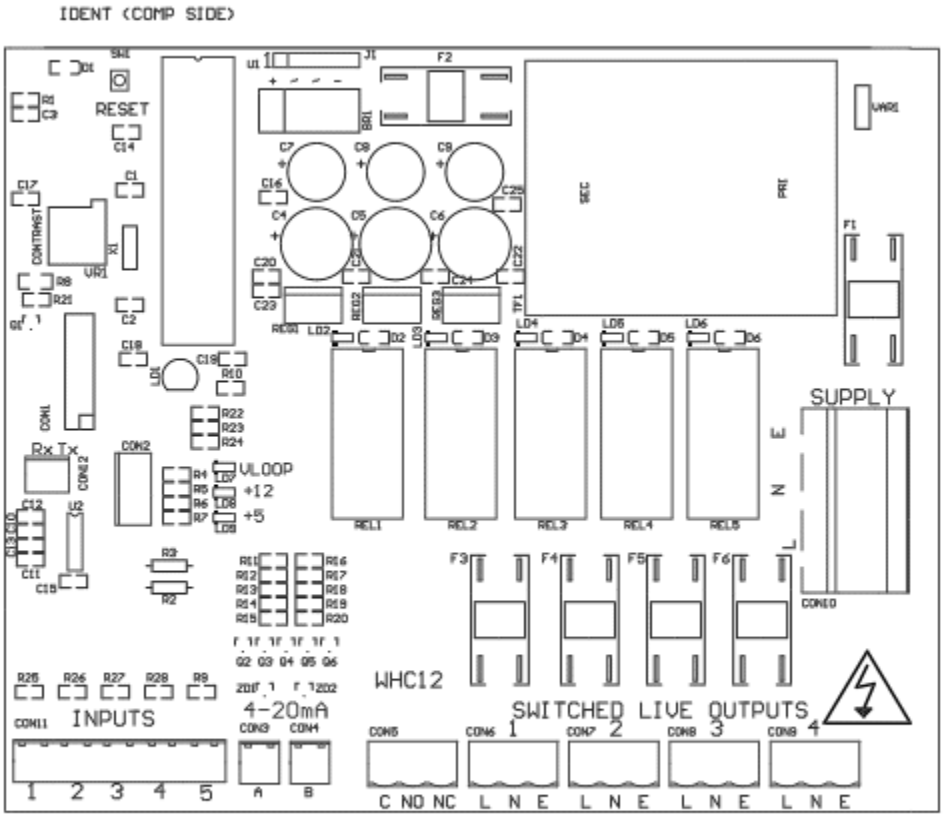
Refer to the Safety instructions. No electrical works should be carried out other than by an appropriately qualified Electrician. Permits to work may be required at local site conditions. If in any doubt, consult your system supplier.

Problem	Probable Cause	Solutions
No Power – controller dead – no backlight on LCD	No power supply from distribution board	Check 240 vac 50hz supply at power input terminals.

	Fuse failed PCB damaged	Check Fuse F1 Replace PCB, contact manufacturer.
Backlight on – no display – no operation	CPU chip missing CPU chip badly inserted or bent pins CPU chip wrong way round CPU chip faulty PCB damaged	Insert CPU Insert CPU correctly or replace if necessary Remove and re-insert correctly Replace CPU Replace PCB, contact manufacturer.
Controller Frozen – operates normally but keypad unresponsive	Keypad not connected or connected wrongly	Check connection
Controller Frozen – does not operate normally	CPU or oscillator damaged	Replace CPU, if no success replace PCB
Conductivity probe appears not to function (PF120)	Not connected Cable damaged Rainwater conductivity abnormal (chlorine, salt, etc)	Check connection to Control Panel Bridge probe end and continuity test. Replace if and as necessary Swap probe for float switch to accommodate non-standard environment
Float switch appears not to function (PF220)	Not connected Cable damaged Float not constrained properly Float faulty	Check connection to Control Panel Test continuity, replace if necessary Tie float in tank such that it switches up/down around switch point Replace
Tank level sensor does not function (PF320 - error 6)	Not connected Connected wrongly	Check wiring to controller Check wiring polarity and correct if needed

	Sensor faulty	Test with loop calibrator, replace sensor if necessary
	Input circuit faulty	Test with loop calibrator, replace PCB if necessary
Tank Level sensor reads incorrectly	Cable vent tube blocked or sealed	Ensure vented section of cable terminates to atmospheric pressure
	Wrong sensor specification installed	Replace with original OEM spec part
	Sensor faulty	Test with loop calibrator, replace if necessary
Line pressure sensor does not function (error 7)	Not connected	Check connection at Control Panel
	Connected wrongly	Check wiring polarity and correct if necessary
	Sensor faulty	Check with loop calibrator and replace if necessary
	Input circuit faulty	Test with loop calibrator, replace PCB if necessary
Line pressure sensor reads incorrectly	Wrong sensor specification installed	Replace with original OEM spec part
	Sensor faulty	Test with loop calibrator, replace sensor if necessary
	Input circuitry faulty	Test with loop calibrator, replace PCB if necessary
Pump 1 Insufficient or Faulty	Pump not connected	Check wiring
	Pump cannot keep up with demand	Replace with correctly sized pump
	Pump faulty (this fault can show temporarily when filling a large header tank for the first time, in which case it should be ignored).	Replace pump
Pump 2 Insufficient or	Pump not connected	Check wiring

Faulty	Pump cannot keep up with demand Pump faulty (this fault can show temporarily when filling a large header tank for the first time, in which case it should be ignored).	Replace with correctly sized pump Replace pump
Pump 1 Disabled	Pump not connected for over 20 minutes Fuse failed on output Pump cannot keep up with demand for over 20 minutes Pump faulty (most likely)	Check wiring Check and replace if necessary Replace with correctly sized pump Replace pump
Pump 2 Disabled	Pump not connected for over 20 minutes Fuse failed on output Pump cannot keep up with demand for over 20 minutes Pump faulty (most likely)	Check wiring Check and replace if necessary Replace with correctly sized pump Replace pump



Fuse Listing

F1 – 500mA 20mm
F2 – 1A 20mm
F3 – 10A 20mm
F4 – 10A 20mm
F5 – 10A 20mm
F6 – 10A 20mm

All fuses are ceramic with 1250A rupture current, this is to ensure minimal damage in the event of a high current surge such as a lightning strike to the pump set.

Inputs (left to right) – Con1

1 – Water tank conductivity probe or float switch (PF120/220)
2 – unused
3 – unused
4 – unused
5 – unused

Pressure Sensor Inputs (left to right)

Con3 (left) – Water tank level sensor (PF320)
Con4 (right) – Line pressure sensor

BMS Output

Type – Non contact relay
Terminals – Common, Normally Open, Normally Closed
Power Rating max 10A 230Vac

Pump Control Outputs (left to right)

1 – Unused
2 – (reserved for future upgrade)
3 – Pump1
4 – Pump2

Upgrades and Modifications

The following parts of the system can be upgraded at any time without any modification to the Control Panel.

Replacement/upgrade of pump(s)

Note – there is no need to reprogram or adjust the Control Panel settings when replacing a pump with one of a different power output or consumption. Diagnostic functions are not dependent on current monitoring.

Installation of 3 phase pump(s) via external contactor/relay.

Software upgrade by either on-site reprogramming, or by CPU replacement. Reprogramming is unlikely to ever be necessary, but is provided for to allow for custom software to be retrofitted to the

Control Panel. It is carried out by an approved engineer via an on-board programming port, or via replacement of the CPU. The CPU is socketed in a 40pin DIP socket for ease of replacement.

When replacing the CPU, always use a proper DIP Extraction Tool, and follow the instruction provided with the replacement CPU.

Specifications

Whole Appliance

Supply Voltage	230-240 Vac 50Hz 1~ or 400v 50Vac 3~ (depends on model)
Power Consumption	
BPM1202/1202L	14.4 A
BPM12042/12042L	12.8 A
BPM15052/15052L	14.6 A
BPM20062/20062L	20.2 A
BPM12023/1202L3	5 A
BPM120423/12042L3	4.4 A
BPM150523/15052L3	5 A
BPM200623/20062L3	6 A
Operating temperature range	0 to 37 degrees Celsius
Ingress protection	IP65
Electrical Insulation	Class 1

Control Panel

Dimensions	240mm x 190mm x 110mm
Supply Voltage	230-240 Vac 50Hz
Power Consumption	7w
Operating temperature range	0 to 40 degrees Celsius
Ingress protection	IP65
Electrical Insulation	Class 2

Tank Level Sensor

Type	Pressure Transmitter 2 wire
Measurement Range	0-0.6 bar
Input	8 to 30 Vdc
Output	4-20mA

Line Pressure Sensor

Type – Pressure Transmitter 2 wire
Measurement Range 0-10 bar
Input 8 to 30 Vdc
Output 4-20mA

Switched Outputs (pump control)

Voltage 230-240vac 50hz (exact voltage as supply voltage)
Current 10A